



COVID-19 TASK UNIT

CIRCULAR LETTER NUMBER 21 YEAR 2021 ABOUT CONDITIONS OF TRAVEL FOR DOMESTIC PEOPLE DURING PANDEMIC *CORONA VIRUS DISEASE 2019 (COVID-19)*

A. Background

1. That in order to break the chain of transmission *Corona Virus Disease*2019 (COVID-19), it is necessary to regulate the legal provisions for restricting people's travel activities in the country.
2. That based on the results of a cross-sectoral evaluation of the development of the COVID-19 condition at the National level, it is deemed necessary to adjust several provisions in the Circular of the Task Force for Handling *Corona Virus Disease* 2019 (COVID-19) Number 17 of 2021 concerning Provisions for Traveling Domestic People During a Pandemic *Corona Virus Disease* 2019 (COVID-19).
3. That based on the considerations as referred to in number 1 and number 2, it is necessary to stipulate a Circular Letter of the Handling Task Force *Corona Virus Disease* 2019 (COVID-19) regarding Domestic Travel Provisions During a Pandemic *Corona Virus Disease* 2019 (COVID-19).

B. Purpose and Purpose

The purpose of this Circular is to implement health protocols for domestic travelers. The purpose of this Circular is to carry out monitoring, control, and evaluation in order to prevent an increase in transmission *Corona Virus Disease* 2019 (COVID-19).

C. Scope

The scope of this Circular Letter is a health protocol for Domestic Travelers (PPDN) who use all modes of transportation throughout Indonesia.

D. Legal Basis

1. Law Number 4 of 1984 concerning Outbreaks of Infectious Diseases;
2. Law Number 24 of 2007 concerning Disaster Management;
3. Law Number 6 of 2018 concerning Health Quarantine;

4. Government Regulation Number 21 of 2018 concerning the Implementation of Disaster Management;
5. Government Regulation Number 21 of 2020 concerning Large-Scale Social Restrictions in the Context of Accelerating Handling of Corona Virus Disease 2019 (COVID-19);
6. Presidential Regulation Number 82 of 2020 concerning the Committee for Handling Corona Virus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) and National Economic Recovery, as amended by Presidential Regulation Number 108 of 2020 concerning Amendments to Presidential Regulation Number 82 of 2020 concerning Committee for Handling Corona Virus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) and National Economic Recovery;
7. Presidential Decree Number 11 of 2020 concerning the Determination of the Corona Virus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) Public Health Emergency;
8. Presidential Decree Number 12 of 2020 concerning the Determination of Non-Natural Disasters Spreading Corona Virus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) as National Disasters;
9. Decision of the Ministerial Level Limited Coordination Meeting on August 31, 2021; and
10. Resolution of the Limited Meeting on October 18, 2021.

E. Understanding

1. Domestic travel is the movement of people from one area to another based on the administrative boundaries of the province/regency/city by using private or public transportation modes, either by land, railway, sea, river, lake, crossing, and air, with the exception of on pioneer aviation travelers, and sea transportation to small islands.
2. Agglomeration is a unitary area consisting of several city centers or districts that are connected to each other either by land or by sea.
3. *Reverse-Transcriptase Polymerase Chain Reaction* hereinafter referred to as RT-PCR is a type of diagnostic test that detects viral genetic material from certain samples such as swab tests *nasopharynx/oropharynx*, using enzymes *reverse-transcriptase* and reaction *polymerasechain*.
4. Implementation of Community Activity Restrictions, hereinafter referred to as PPKM, is a tiered COVID-19 control policy from the central to the community level whose determination is based on an assessment at the Regency/City level of the Indicators for Adjusting Public Health Efforts and Social Restrictions in Handling the COVID-19 Pandemic by the Minister of Health. .

F. Protocol

1. Every individual who travels is obligated to apply and comply with the 3M health protocol, namely: wearing a mask, keeping a distance

and avoiding crowds, as well as washing hands with soap or using *hand sanitizer*.

2. Tightening of people's travel health protocols that need to be carried out in the form of:

- a. The use of masks must be done properly covering the nose and mouth;
- b. The types of masks used by travelers are 3-ply cloth masks or medical masks;
- c. It is not allowed to speak one way or two ways by telephone or in person throughout the trip by public transportation modes of land, rail, sea, river, lake, ferry, and air; and
- d. It is not allowed to eat and drink during the flight journey for a journey that is less than 2 hours, except for individuals who are obliged to take drugs for treatment which if not done can endanger the safety and health of the person.

3. Domestic Travel Actors (PPDN) must comply with the following provisions:

- a. Everyone who travels by private or public vehicle is responsible for his/her own health, and is subject to and complies with the applicable terms and conditions;
- b. Every Domestic Traveler (PPDN) is required to use the PeduliLindung application as a condition for traveling domestically;
- c. Long-distance travelers using air transportation modes from and to areas in Java and Bali islands as well as areas designated through the Instruction of the Minister of Home Affairs as areas with PPKM Level 4 and PPKM Level 3 categories are required to show a vaccine card (at least the first dose of vaccination) and a certificate of negative RT-PCR test results whose samples were taken within a maximum period of 2 x 24 hours before departure as a travel requirement;
- d. Travelers using sea, land transportation using private or public vehicles, crossings and intercity trains from and to areas in Java and Bali islands as well as areas determined through the Instruction of the Minister of Home Affairs as areas with PPKM Level 4 and PPKM Level 3 categories must show a vaccine card (at least the first dose of vaccination) and a certificate of negative RT-PCR test results whose samples were taken within a maximum period of 2 x 24 hours or negative results *rapid test* the sampled antigen

taken within a maximum period of 1 x 24 hours before departure as a travel requirement;

- e. Long-distance travelers using air, sea, land transportation modes using private or public vehicles, crossings and intercity trains from and to areas outside the Java and Bali Islands as stipulated by the Instruction of the Minister of Home Affairs as areas with the PPKM Level 1 category and PPKM Level 2 must show a negative result of the RT-PCR test whose sample is taken within a maximum period of 2 x 24 hours or a negative result *rapid test* antigens whose samples are taken within a maximum period of 1 x 24 hours before departure as a travel requirement;
- f. Specifically for routine trips using land transportation modes using private or public vehicles, and trains in one urban agglomeration area/ area, exempt from travel requirements as regulated in letter d and letter e;
- g. Specifically for logistics vehicle trips and other goods transportation that travels domestically in the Java and Bali islands, the following provisions apply:
 - 1) Must show a complete dose of vaccine card and a certificate of negative results *rapid test* antigens whose samples are taken within a maximum period of 14 x 24 hours before departure;
 - 2) Must show the first dose of vaccine card and a certificate of negative result *rapid test* antigens whose samples are taken within a maximum period of 7 x 24 hours before departure; or
 - 3) Must show a certificate of negative result *rapid test* antigen whose sample is taken within a maximum period of 1 x 24 hours before departure if not yet vaccinated.
- h. Provisions for showing a vaccine card are excluded for:
 - 1) Travelers under 12 years of age;
 - 2) Logistics vehicles and other goods transportation operators who travel domestically in the Outer Java and Bali regions; and
 - 3) Travelers with special health conditions or comorbid diseases that cause travelers to be unable to receive vaccines, with the condition that they must attach a doctor's certificate from a Government Hospital stating that the person concerned has not and/or is unable to take part in the COVID-19 vaccination.

19.

- 4. The provisions as referred to in point 3 are excluded for pioneering modes of transportation including in border areas, 3T areas (lagging, leading, outermost), and limited shipping according to the conditions of each area.

5. Every transportation mode operator is required to use PeduliLindung to check the results of the RT-PCR test or *rapid test* Antigens that show negative results and have vaccinated at least the first dose on every Domestic Traveler (PPDN) while doing *check-in*.
6. Ministries/Institutions, Provincial/Regency/City Governments that will impose special criteria and requirements regarding travel agents in their regions may follow up by issuing other legal instruments that are in line with and do not conflict with this Circular Letter.
7. Other legal instruments that regulate the specific criteria and requirements as referred to in number 6 are an integral part of this circular letter.

G. Monitoring, Control and Evaluation

1. The Regional COVID-19 Handling Task Force assisted by the public transportation organizing authority jointly organizes the control of people's travel and safe public transportation for COVID-19 by establishing an Integrated Security Post;
2. The authorities, managers and operators of public transportation shall supervise the operation of public transportation;
3. Ministries/Agencies, TNI, POLRI, and Regional Governments have the right to stop and/or prohibit people's travel on the basis of this Circular which is in harmony and does not conflict with and/or the provisions of laws and regulations;
4. Authorized agencies (Ministries/Agencies, TNI, POLRI, and Regional Governments) carry out disciplining of COVID-19 health protocols and law enforcement in accordance with applicable laws and regulations;
5. The authority for public transportation and/or the inspector for a negative certificate for the RT-PCR test or *rapid test* antigen as a travel requirement must verify the validity of the certificate based on the name of the COVID-19 network laboratory and health facilities registered with the Indonesian Ministry of Health to prevent falsification of test results certificates; and
6. Forgery of certificate of RT-PCR test results or *rapid test* antigens, doctor's certificates, and other travel certificates used as travel requirements for people will be subject to sanctions in accordance with statutory regulations.

H. Closing

1. At the time this Circular Letter comes into force, *Addendum* Second Circular of the Task Force for Handling COVID-19 Number 17 of 2021 concerning Provisions for Travel of Domestic People during the Pandemic Period *Corona*

Virus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) is declared still valid as long as it does not conflict and has not expired until October 31, 2021.

2. With the enactment of this Circular, the Circular Letter of the Task Force for Handling COVID-19 Number 17 of 2021 concerning Provisions for Traveling Domestic People During the Pandemic *Corona Virus Disease* 2019 (COVID-19) and *Addendum* Circular of the Task Force for Handling COVID-19 Number 17 of 2021 concerning Provisions for Travel of Domestic People During the Pandemic *Corona Virus Disease* 2019 (COVID-19) is revoked and declared invalid.
3. This Circular Letter is effective from 21 October 2021 until a later date and will be evaluated further in accordance with the latest developments in the field or the evaluation results from Ministries/Agencies.

So that it can be guided and carried out with full responsibility.

Set in Jakarta

On : October 20, 2021

Kepala Badan Nasional Penanggulangan
Bencana selaku Ketua Satuan Tugas
Penanganan Covid-19,



Letjen TNI Ganip Warsito, S.E., M.M.

Dear Copy:

1. President of the Republic of Indonesia;
2. Vice President of the Republic of Indonesia;
3. Chair of the Handling Policy Committee *Corona Virus Disease* 2019 (COVID-19) and National Economic Recovery;
4. Ministers/Heads of Institutions;
5. TNI Commander;
6. National Police Chief;
7. Head of the National Economic Recovery Task Force; and
8. Head of the Handling Task Force *Corona Virus Disease* 2019 (COVID-19) Region.